PROFESSIONAL TERRESTICAL FM-FM PTFF 2000



Grundig SAT Systems



CONTENTS

3 General

Scope of delivery Technical data The 4x FM modulator box PTFF 2000

5 Installation

Installing the modulator box into the Headend station and connecting it

6 The Menu Guide

The menu guide at a glance

7 Setup

Setting up the modulator box
Selecting the modulator box number and the modulator (A, B, C or D)
Output frequency
Input frequency
Saving all settings

Service (at the end of this user manual)

GENERAL

Scope of delivery

1 modulator box PTFF 2000

1 user manual

1 technical evaluation

Technical data





This product conforms with the requirements of the 73/23/EC and 89/336/EC guidelines of the European Council.

The standards EN 50083-2, EN 50083-2/A1, EN 50083-1, and EN 60065 required for the CE certification are kept to.

FM input:

Frequency range: $87.5 \dots 108 \text{ MHz}$ Level range: $10 \dots 95 \text{ dB}_{\text{PV}}$

Frequency spacing: 25 kHz Impedance: 75 Ω

FM output:

Frequency range: 87.5...108 MHz Output level: typ. $98 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$ Frequency spacing: 50 kHz Impedance: 75Ω

Connectors:

FM input: 1 IEC socket, female FM output (modulator): 1 IEC socket, female

10-pin connector: for all supply voltages and the I²C bus

The 4x FM modulator box PTFF 2000

This modulator box is a programmable, microprocessor-controlled 4x FM (FM-FM) converter.

The boxes are controlled via the GRUNDIG Professional Headend station's PSU 8 and PSU 12.

The FM modulator box comprises four FM \longrightarrow FM modulators which convert four FM radio signals into four other FM output frequencies.

The modulator box has one selective FM input and one RF output.

The technical data of the four modulators are equal.

The four modulators are indicated as A, B, C or D in the display.

The input signal is splitted and distributed to the four modulators. The four converted (modulated) radio signals are unified via a combiner and then passed on via the RF output socket to the RF collector of the the Headend station. At the factory, the output levels of the four modulators are set to the same value.

The common output level (A/B/C/D) of the modulator box can be adjusted (max. - 20 dB) by means of the mechanical level controls on the output selector of the Headend station.

After switching the headend station on, the software version of the control unit is briefly shown in the 2-line LC display.

About 5 minutes after the last key is pressed, the display is automatically switched off, or the software version of the control unit is displayed.

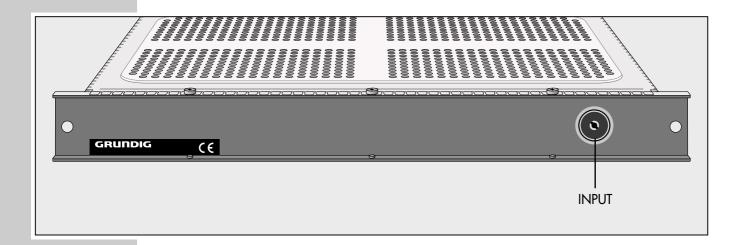
Note:

If desired, the software version of the control unit can also manually be called up and displayed as follows:

Press and hold down any two buttons on the control unit at the same time until the following occurs:

The display turns dark. After several seconds, the software version, e.g.
 V.19, appears.

INSTALLATION



Installing the modulator box into the Headend station and connecting it

Caution:

Before fitting a new transmodulator box or replacing an existing one, it is absolutely necessary to disconnect the mains plug from the Headend station.

- 1 Undo the fixing screws of the mounting frame, then fit the cassette into a free slot and refit the fixing screws.
- 2 Plug the RF input cable into the RF input socket **INPUT** (see Figure).
- 3 Reconnect the Headend station to the mains supply.
 - The modulator box is now connected with all necessary supply voltages and data lines and ready for use.

THE MENU GUIDE



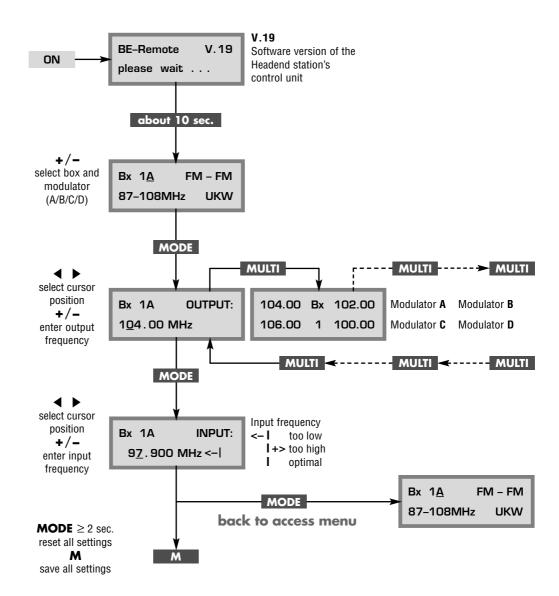
Note:

You may select the individual menus or menu items by pressing the **MODE** key.

To go back to the access menu <u>without</u> <u>saving</u> the settings made, press the **MODE** key longer than 2 seconds.

When in a menu, use the \triangleleft and \triangleright keys to select the desired setting, and then the + and - keys to change the settings.

Press the M key to save all settings and to return to the access menu.



Setting up the modulator box



Setting up of the modulator box is exclusively effected via the keys of the Headend station's control unit.

The user is guided via the 2-line display of the control unit.

- 1 Using the **MODE** key you can select the following menu items:
 - Modulator box number and modulator (A, B, C or D)
 - Output frequency
 - Input frequency



Selecting the modulator box number and the modulator (A, B, C or D)

- 1 The access menu appears in the control unit's display, for example »Bx 1A FM - FM«.
- 2 Use the + or key to select the modulator box number and the desired modulator (A, B, C or D).

Output frequency

1 Press the MODE key. »OUTPUT: « appears in the display.

Note:

For your orientation, the set up output frequencies of the 4 modulators A, B, C and D can be displayed at the same time by pressing the MULTI key several times.

2 Use the ◀ or ▶ key to move the cursor to the desired position, and then the → or — key to enter the output frequency.

Important:

A minimum spacing of 300 Hz must be kept between the entered output frequencies.

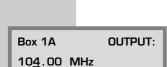
If this minimum spacing is not kept, the respective frequency indications will flash (even if different modulator boxes are concerned).

If the output channel (frequency) overview of other boxes (for example analog TV boxes) is called up, »FM« appears for all plug-in locations which are fitted with the PTFF 2000 modulator box.



Bx 1A

100.00 MHz



OUTPUT:

SETUP



Input frequency

- 1 Press the MODE key. »INPUT: « appears in the display.
- Use the

 or

 key to move the cursor to the desired position, and then the

 or

 key to enter the input frequency.

Meaning of symbols:

- ← I too high input frequency
 - +> too low input frequency
 - I optimal input frequency

Saving all settings

Attention:

If you wish to restore the old settings, press the **MODE** key until the access menu, for example »Bx 1A FM – FM«, reappears in the display. Then use the + or – key to select a different modulator box (e.g. »Bx 3«).

- The initial settings then are restored.
- 1 Press the M key to save all new settings.
 - The access menu reappears in the display, e.g. »Bx 1A FM FM«.

Bx 1<u>A</u> FM — FM 87–108 MHz UKW